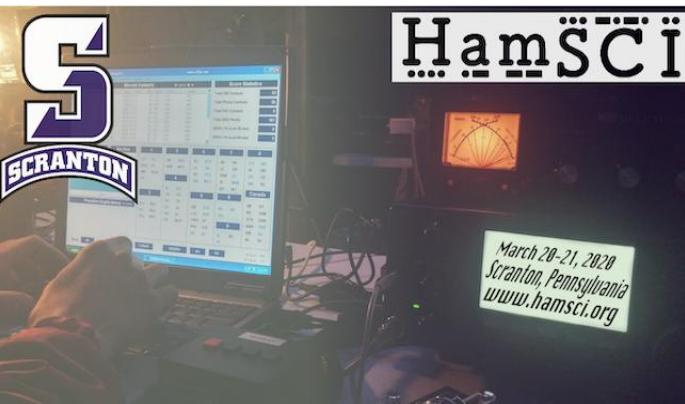


**Spring 2020 HamSCI Workshop**  
**Mar 20-21, 2020**  
**The University of Scranton**  
**Scranton, PA**

**Using Amateur Radio to Validate Model-Based  
Properties of Earth's Protective Shield**

David A. Smith, W6EY  
Dr. Jan. J. Sojka

Center for Atmospheric and Space Sciences,  
Dept. of Physics,  
Utah State University, Logan, UT

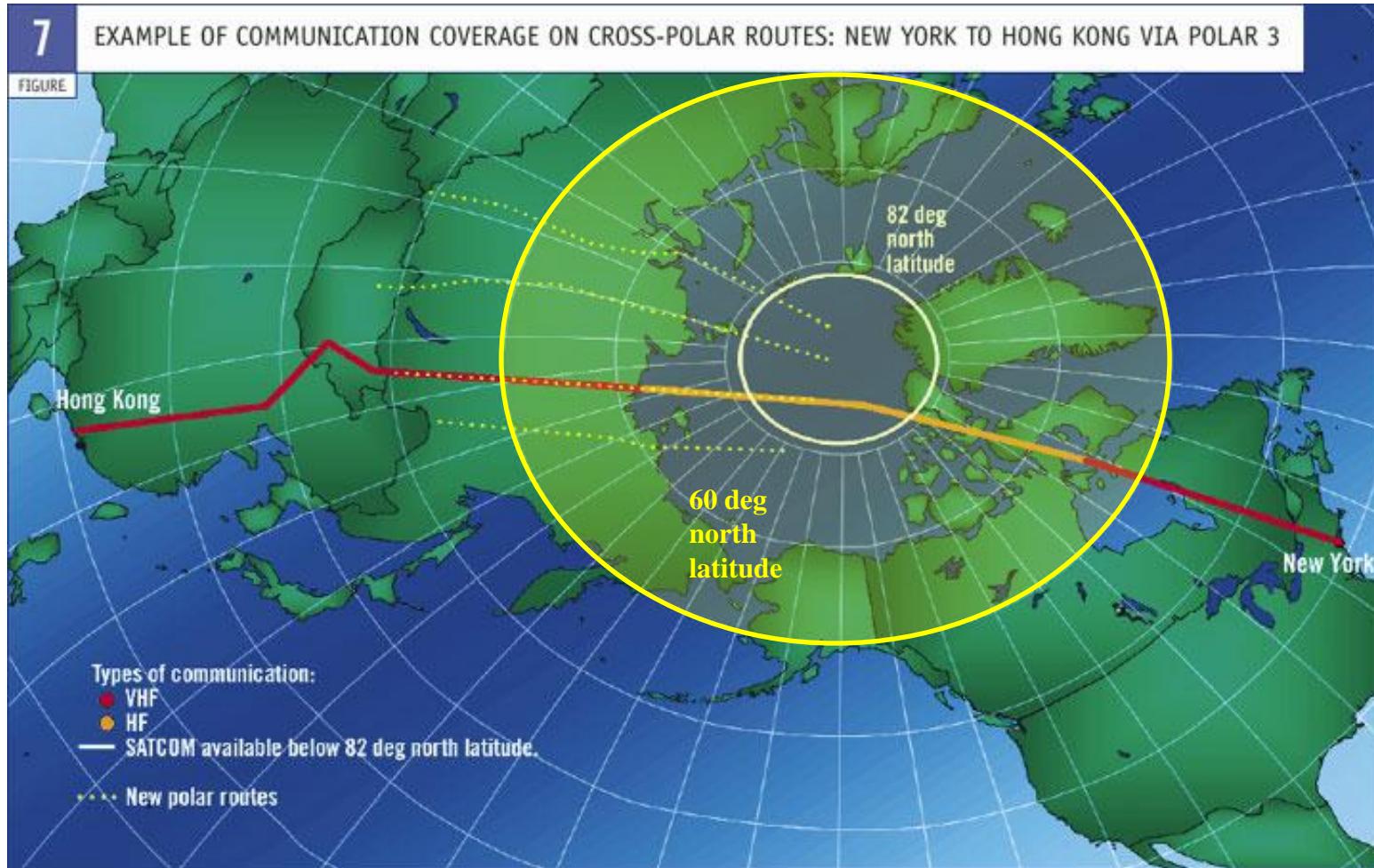


# Introduction

## Current Research Focus

- Polar Cap Absorption Events
  - Energetic Proton Transport
  - D-Region
  - HF Absorption

# Introduction



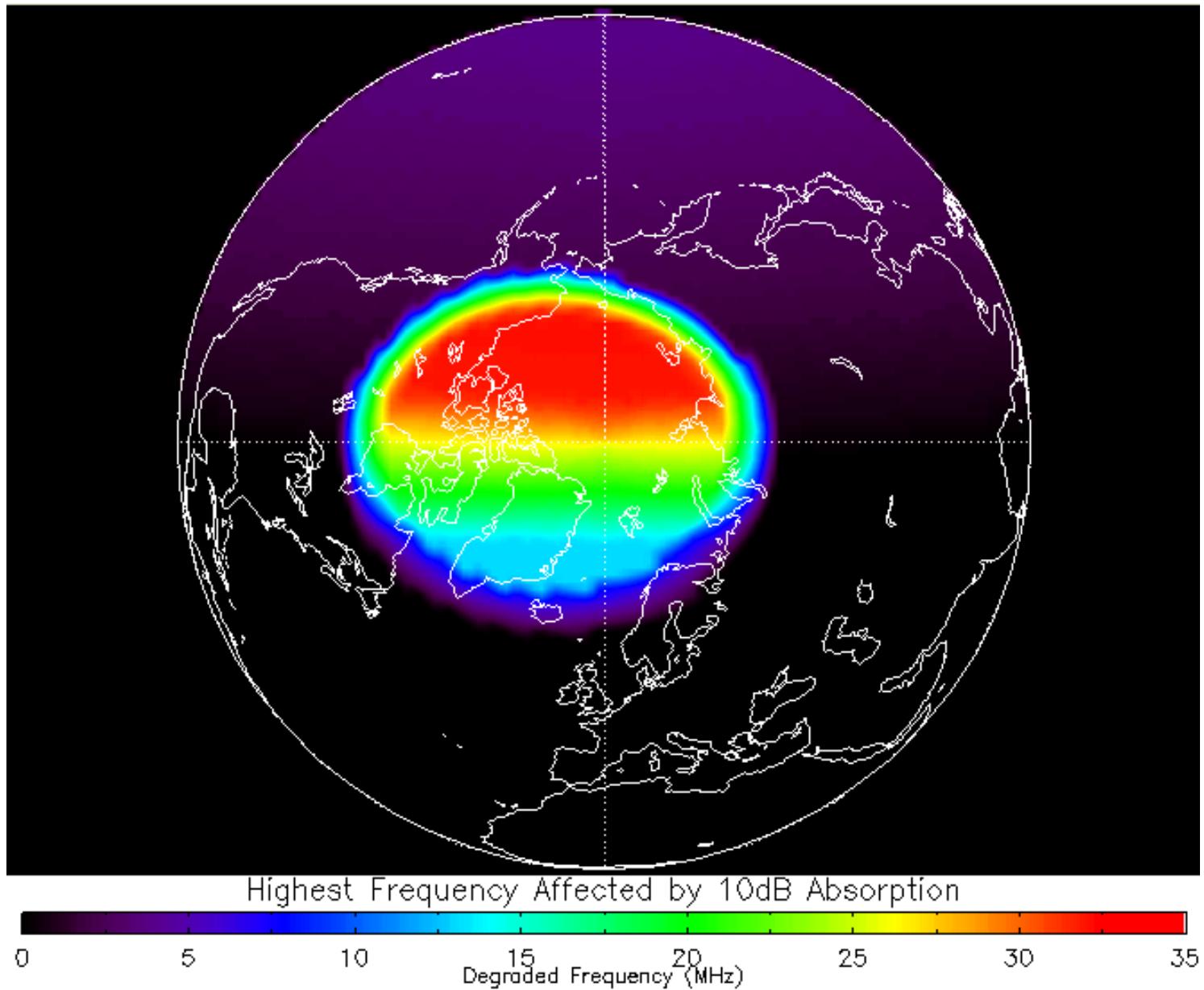
Average cost for diverting a flight between North America and Asia about \$100,000

Fiori & Danskin (2016)

As of 2007 about 7000 transpolar flights per year

Sauer & Wilkinson (2008)

# Introduction



Elevated X-ray flux

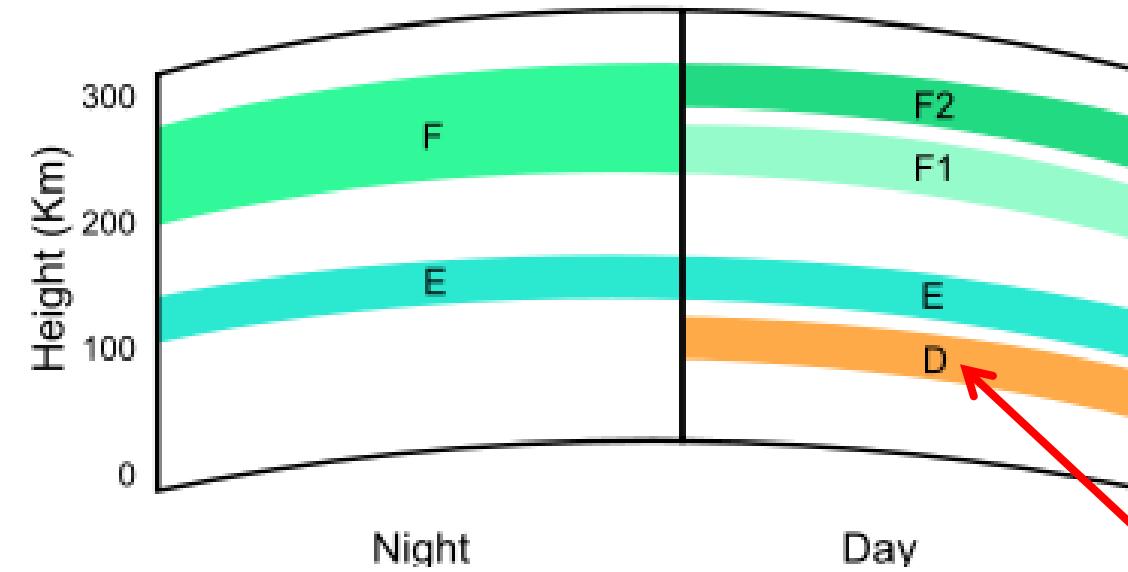
Product Valid At : 2017-09-11 00:00 UTC

Moderate Proton Flux

NOAA/SWPC Boulder, CO USA

# Polar Cap Absorption Events (PCA)

## The Ionosphere

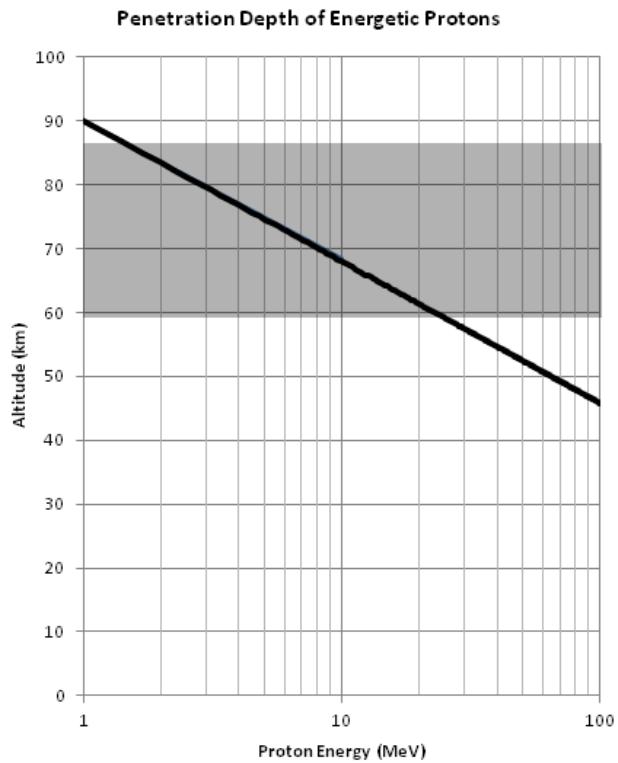
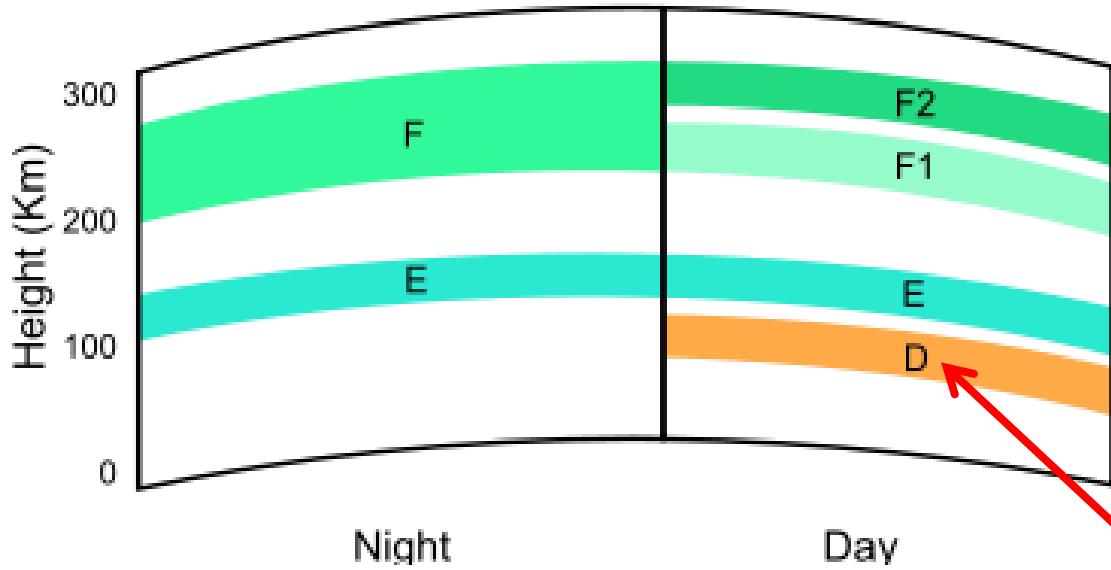


### The D-Region

- *Altitude about 50-100 km*
- *Primarily Absorbs HF radio waves (3-30 MHz)*
- *Usually exists only during daylight*

# Polar Cap Absorption Events (PCA)

## The Ionosphere

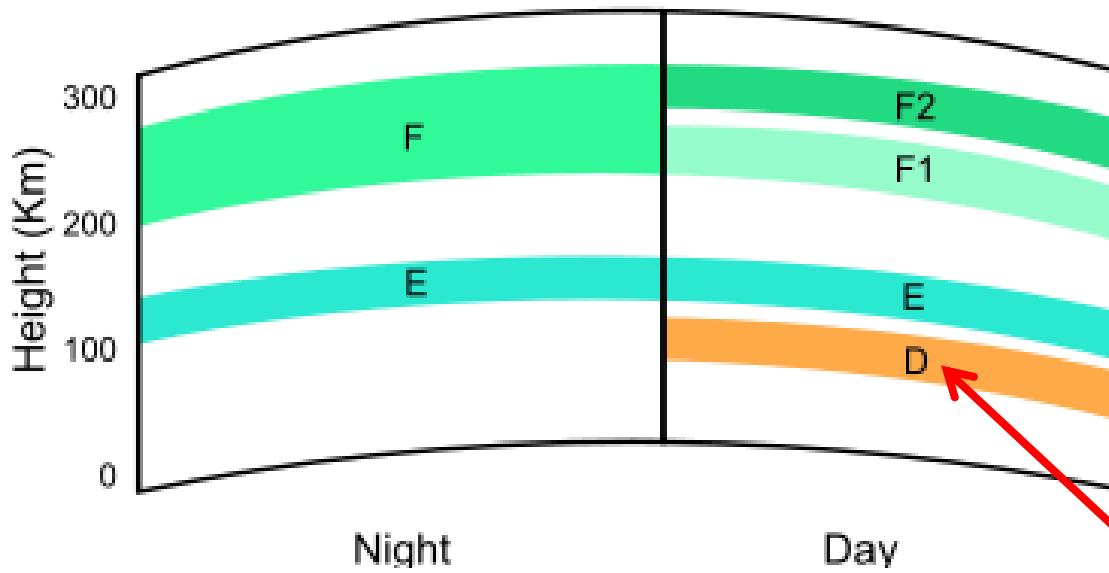


### The D-Region

- Altitude about 50-100 km
- Primarily Absorbs HF radio waves (3-30 MHz)
- Usually exists only during daylight
- *Enhanced ionization from solar protons during PCA events*
- *1-20 MeV protons most responsible for PCA events*

# Polar Cap Absorption Events (PCA)

## The Ionosphere



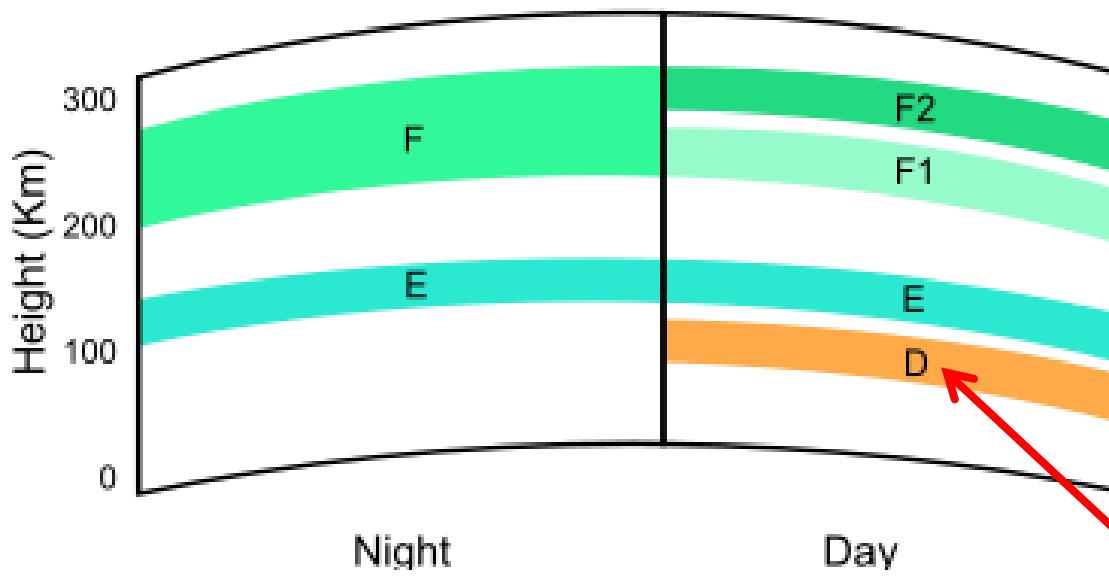
- Can solar protons reach any location?

### The D-Region

- Altitude about 50-100 km
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# Polar Cap Absorption Events (PCA)

## The Ionosphere



- Can solar protons reach any location?
- How do we study solar protons?

### The D-Region

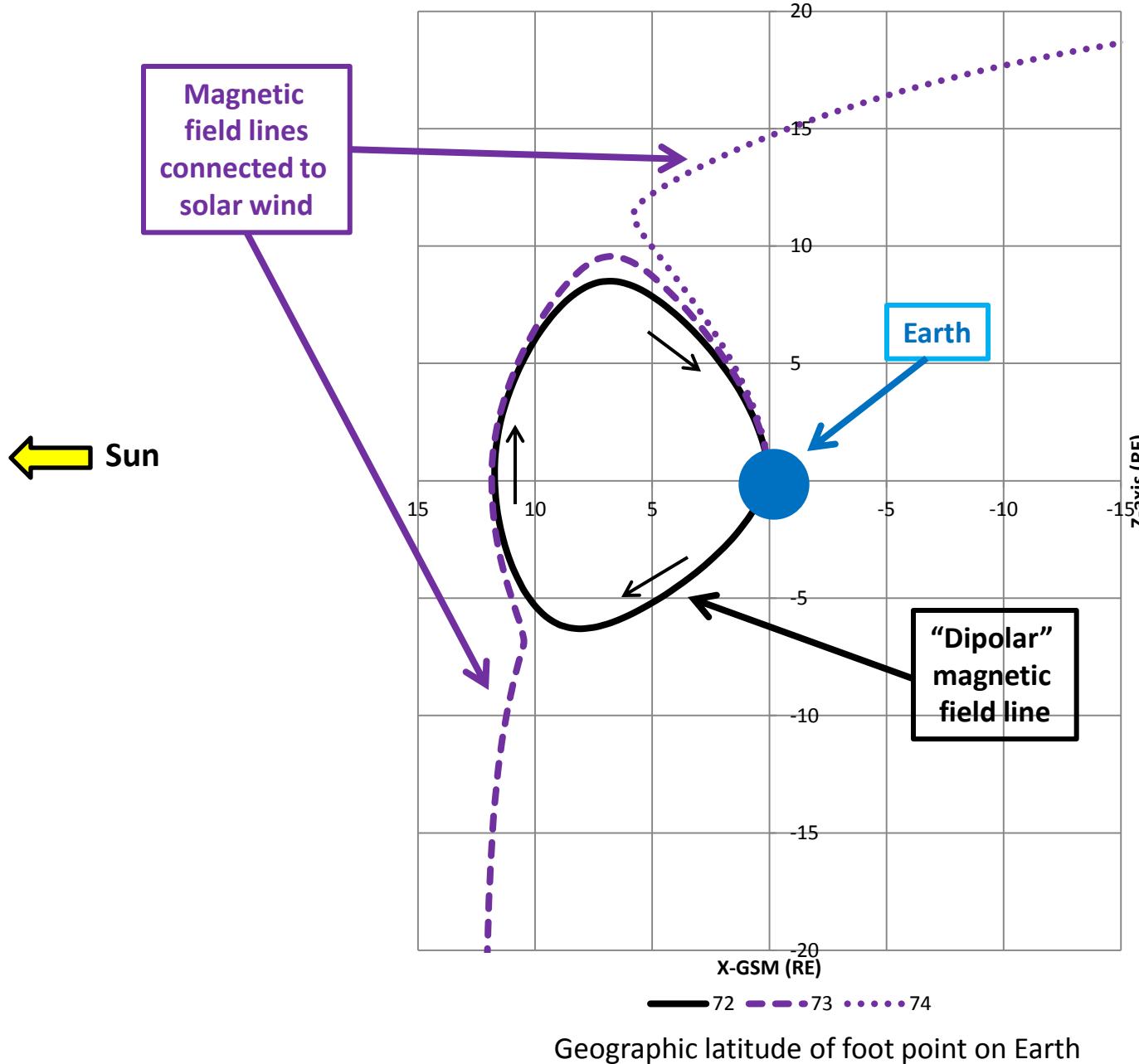
- Altitude about 50-100 km
- Primarily Absorbs HF radio waves (3-30 MHz)
- Usually exists only during daylight
- Enhanced ionization from solar protons during PCA events
- 1-20 MeV protons most responsible for PCA events

# Our Tracing Model

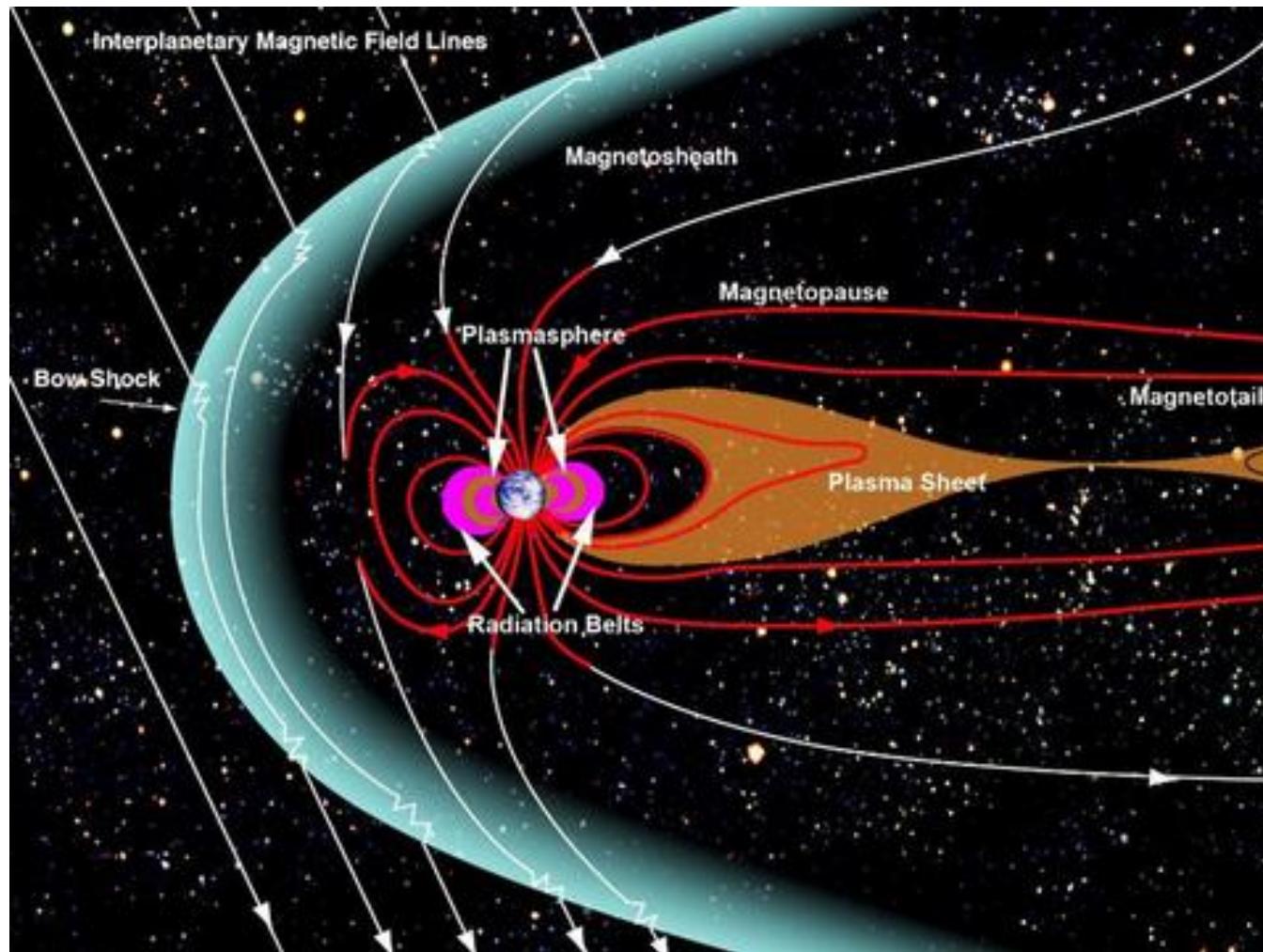
## Tsyganenko Geomagnetic Field Model

- Semi-empirical best-fit representations of geomagnetic field
- Based on large number of satellite observations
- Outputs include:
  - Field line tracing
  - Geomagnetic field vector at selected point
- Internal Field – International Geomagnetic Reference Field (IGRF)
- External Field – 1996 Version of Tsyganenko Model (T96)

# How Do We Study Solar Protons?



# How Do We Study Solar Protons?



Open field lines connect Earth's upper atmosphere with Solar Wind

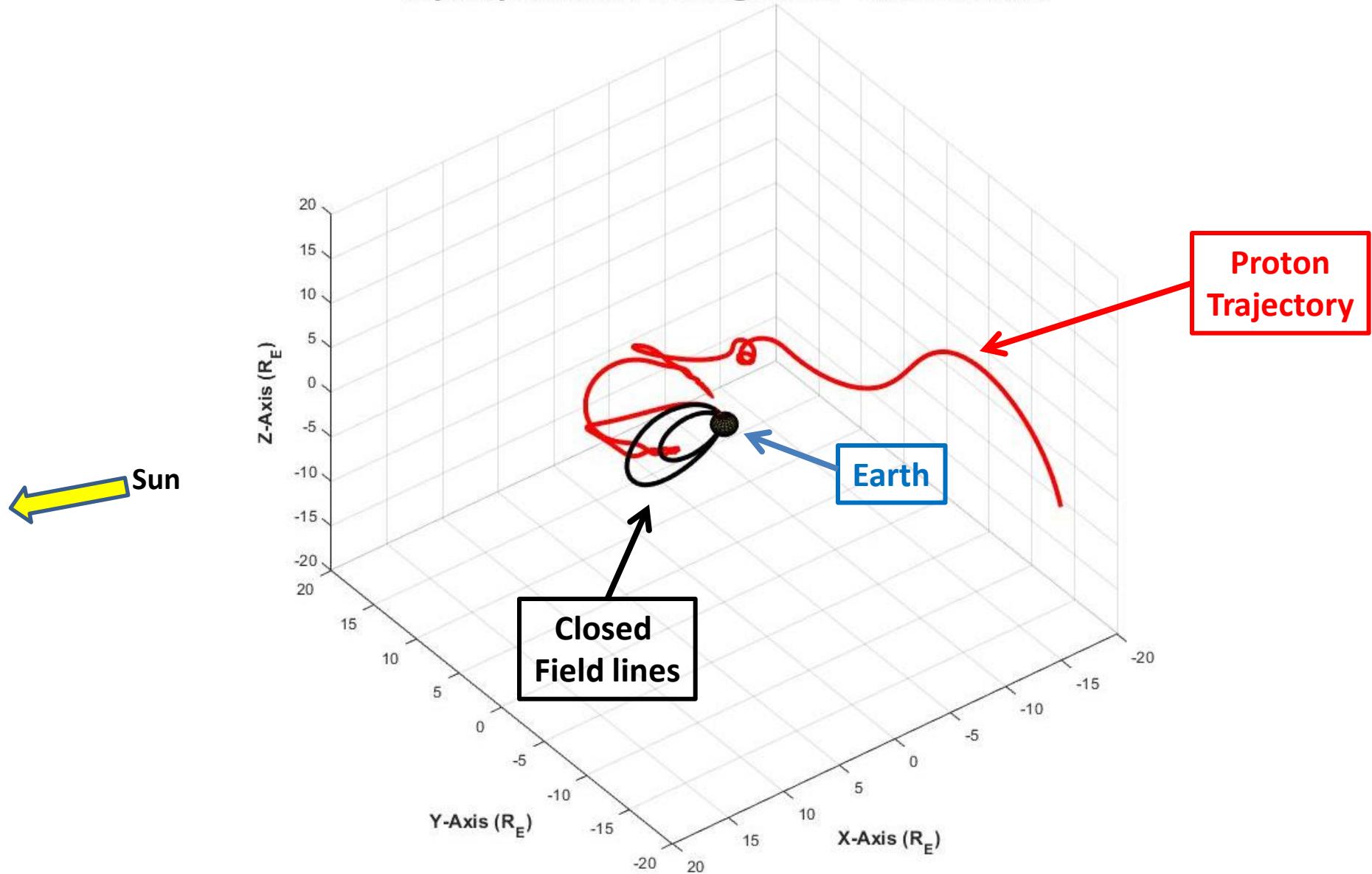
# Can Solar Protons Reach Any Location?

## Proton Energy Cutoff Latitude

- *Lowest latitude to which a solar proton can penetrate*
- Variable depending on
  - *Proton Energy*
  - *Local Time*
  - *Geomagnetic storm conditions*
  - *Universal Time*

# Proton Energy Cutoff Latitude

Trajectory of 17.8 MeV Proton @ 0500 UT - Quiet Conditions



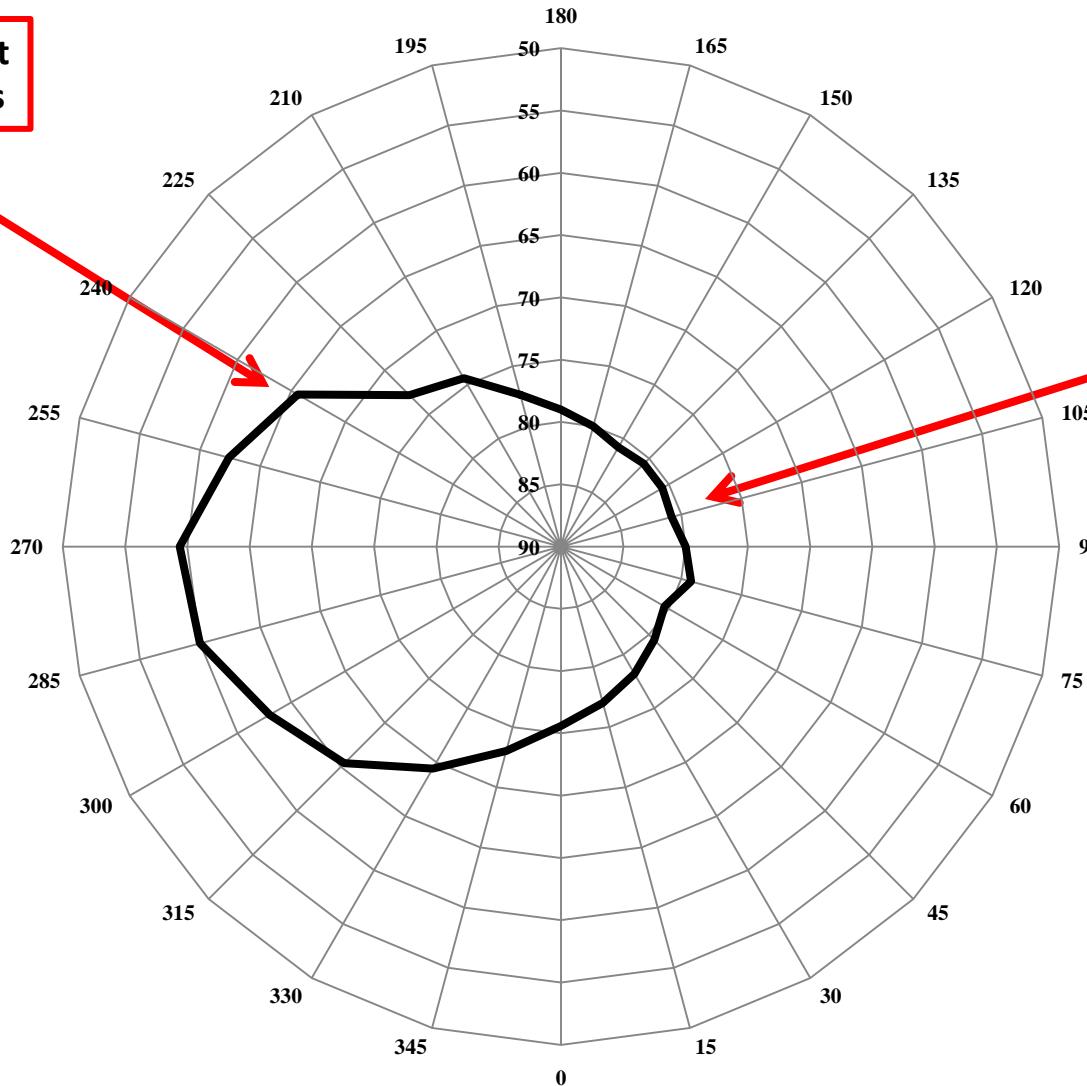
Example of Allowed Trajectory

# Equatorward Extent of Polar Cap Absorption

Cutoff Latitude @ 0500 UT Under Quiet Conditions – Geographic Coordinates

Equatorward extent  
of 1.0 MeV protons

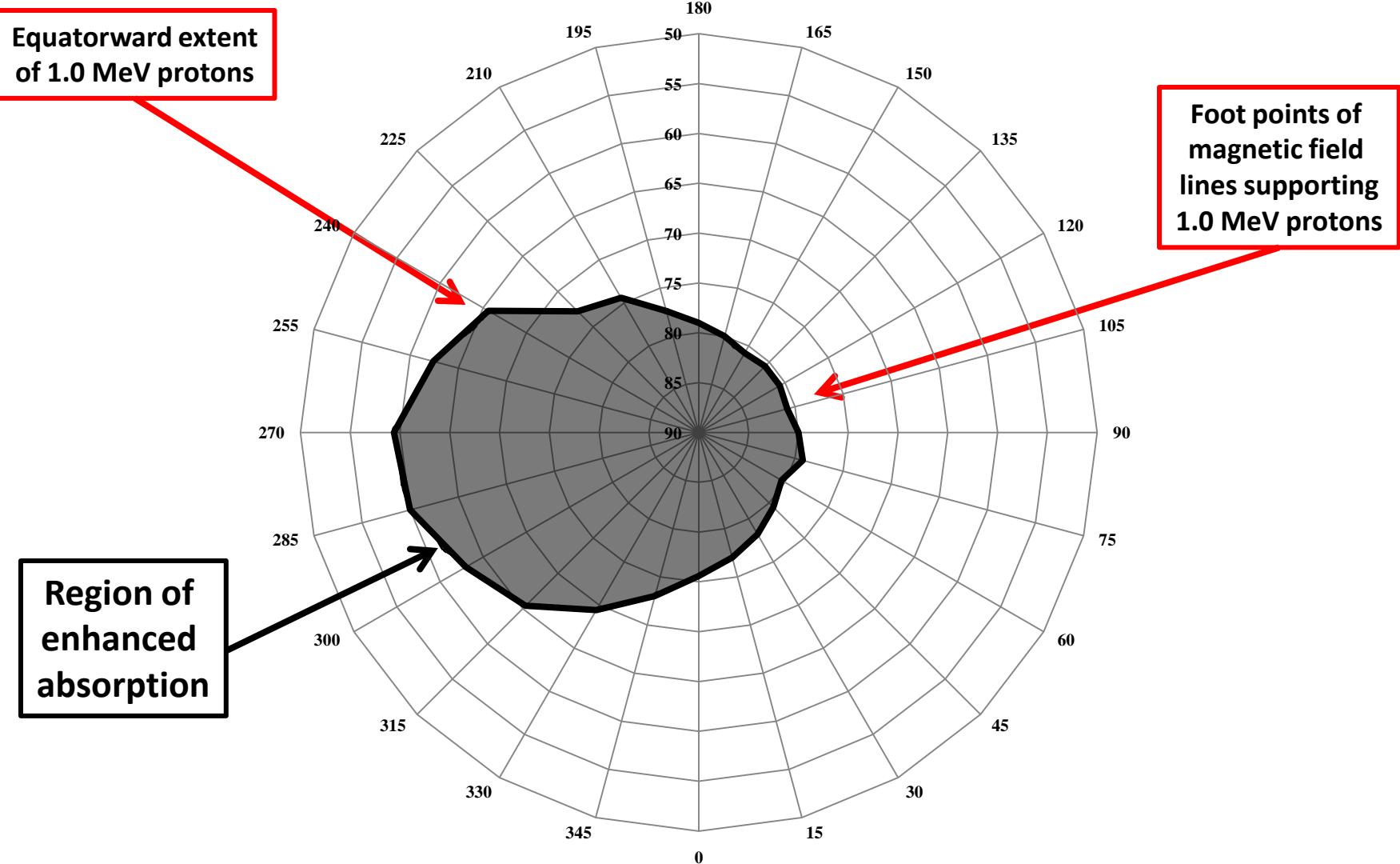
Foot points of  
magnetic field  
lines supporting  
1.0 MeV protons



*Cutoff latitude variation due to proton energy and Local Time*

# Equatorward Extent of Polar Cap Absorption

## Cutoff Latitude @ 0500 UT Under Quiet Conditions – Geographic Coordinates



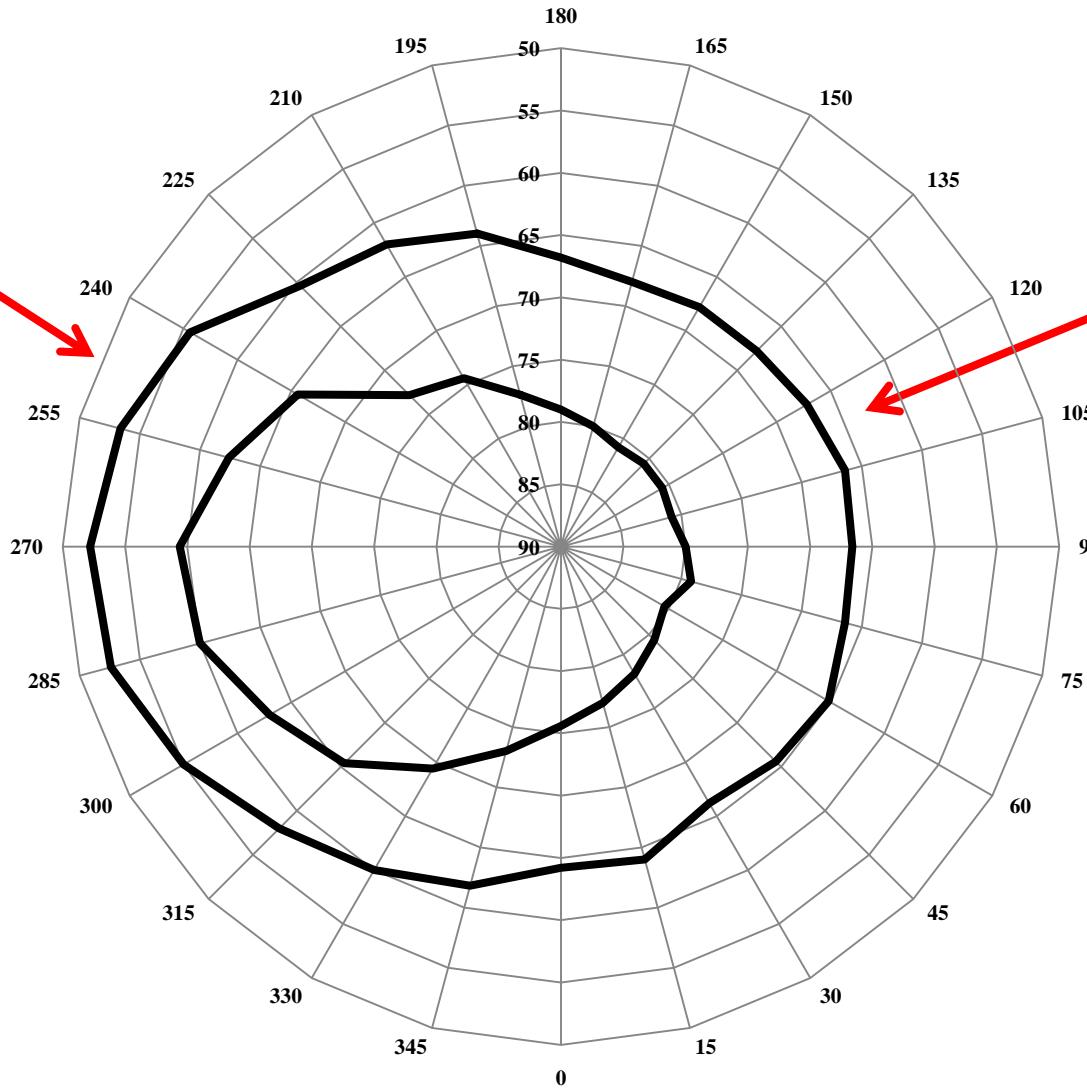
## *Cutoff latitude variation due to proton energy and Local Time*

# Proton Energy Cutoff Latitude

Cutoff Latitude @ 0500 UT Under Quiet Conditions – Geographic Coordinates

Equatorward extent  
of 100 MeV protons

Foot points of  
magnetic field  
lines supporting  
100 MeV protons



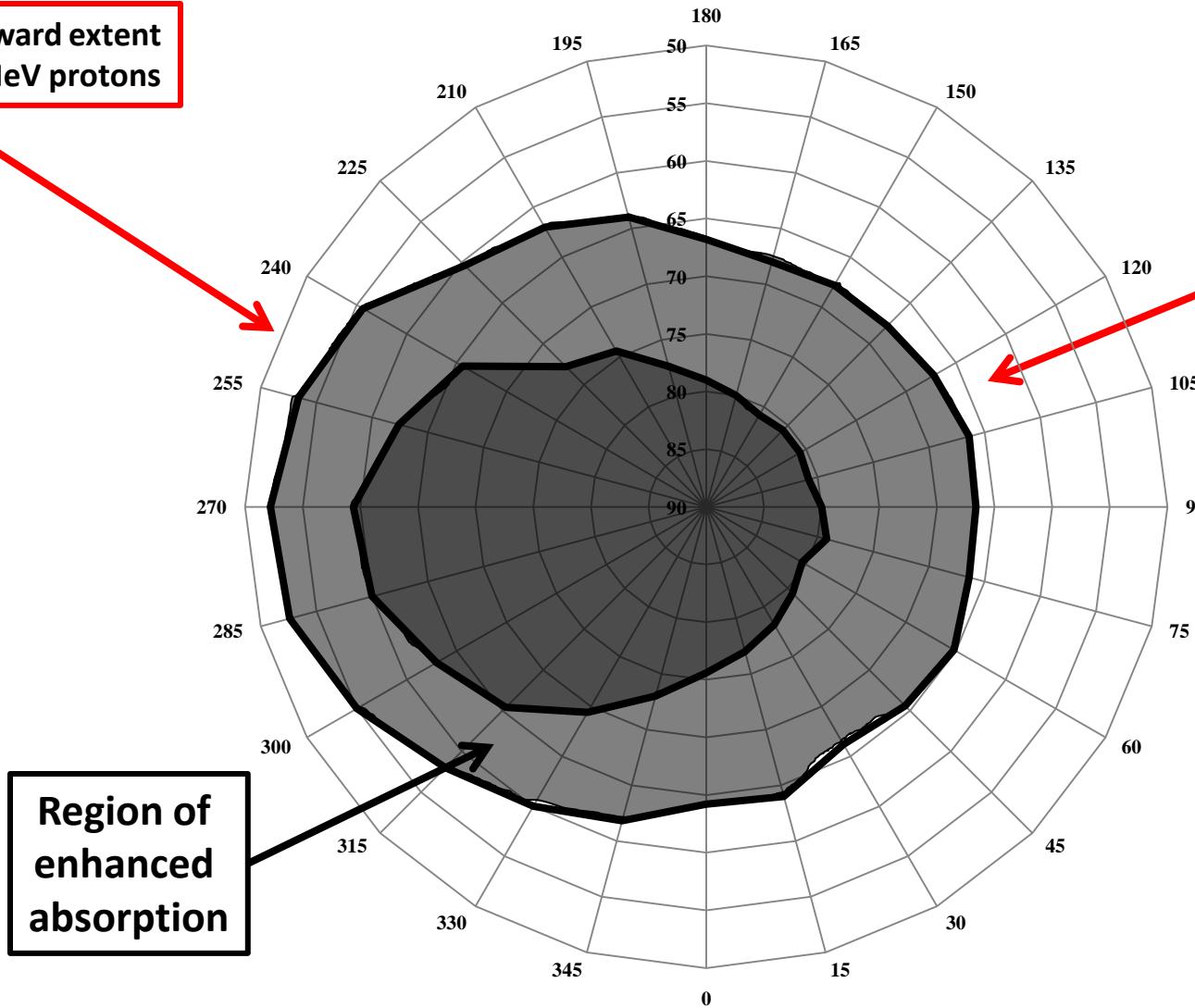
*Cutoff latitude variation due to proton energy and Local Time*

# Proton Energy Cutoff Latitude

Cutoff Latitude @ 0500 UT Under Quiet Conditions – Geographic Coordinates

Equatorward extent  
of 100 MeV protons

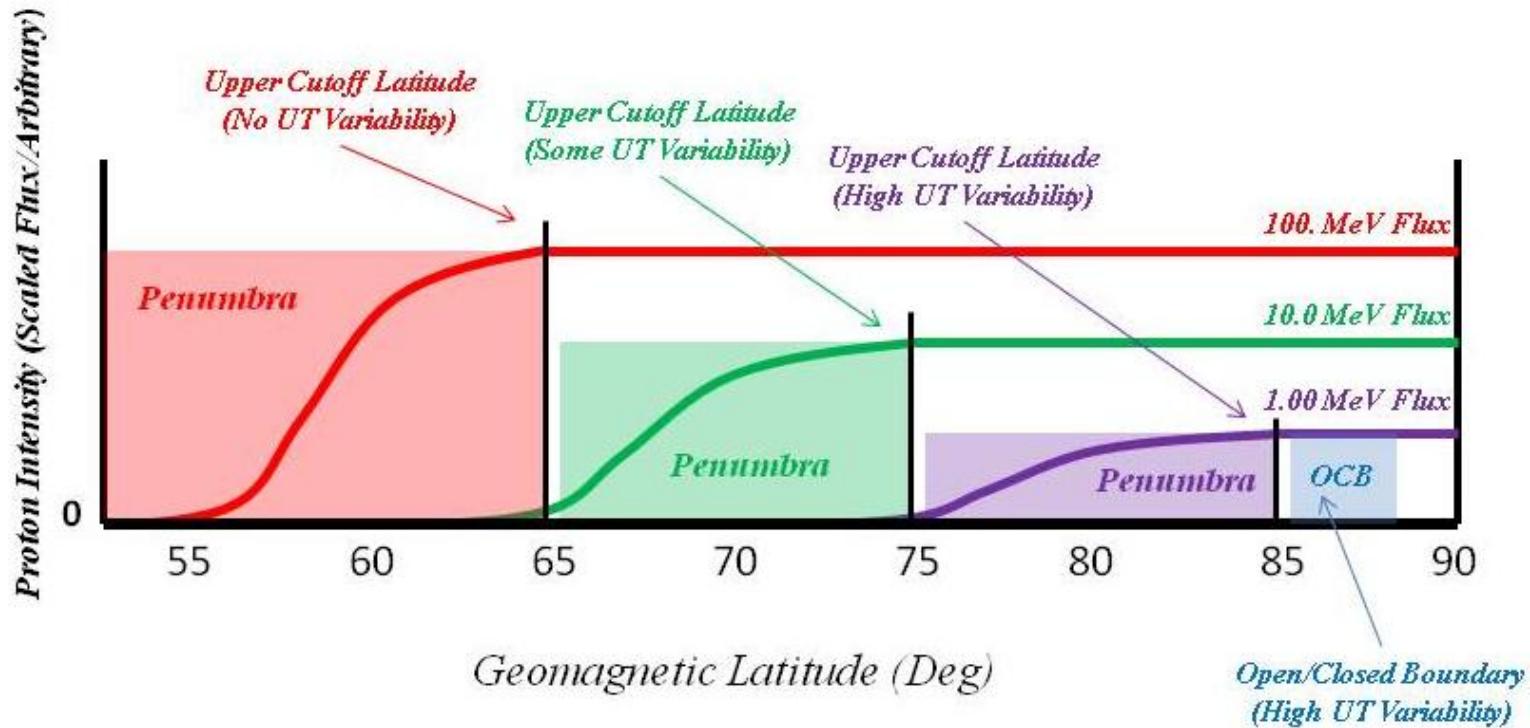
Foot points of  
magnetic field  
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100 MeV protons



*Cutoff latitude variation due to proton energy and Local Time*

# Proton Energy Cutoff Latitude

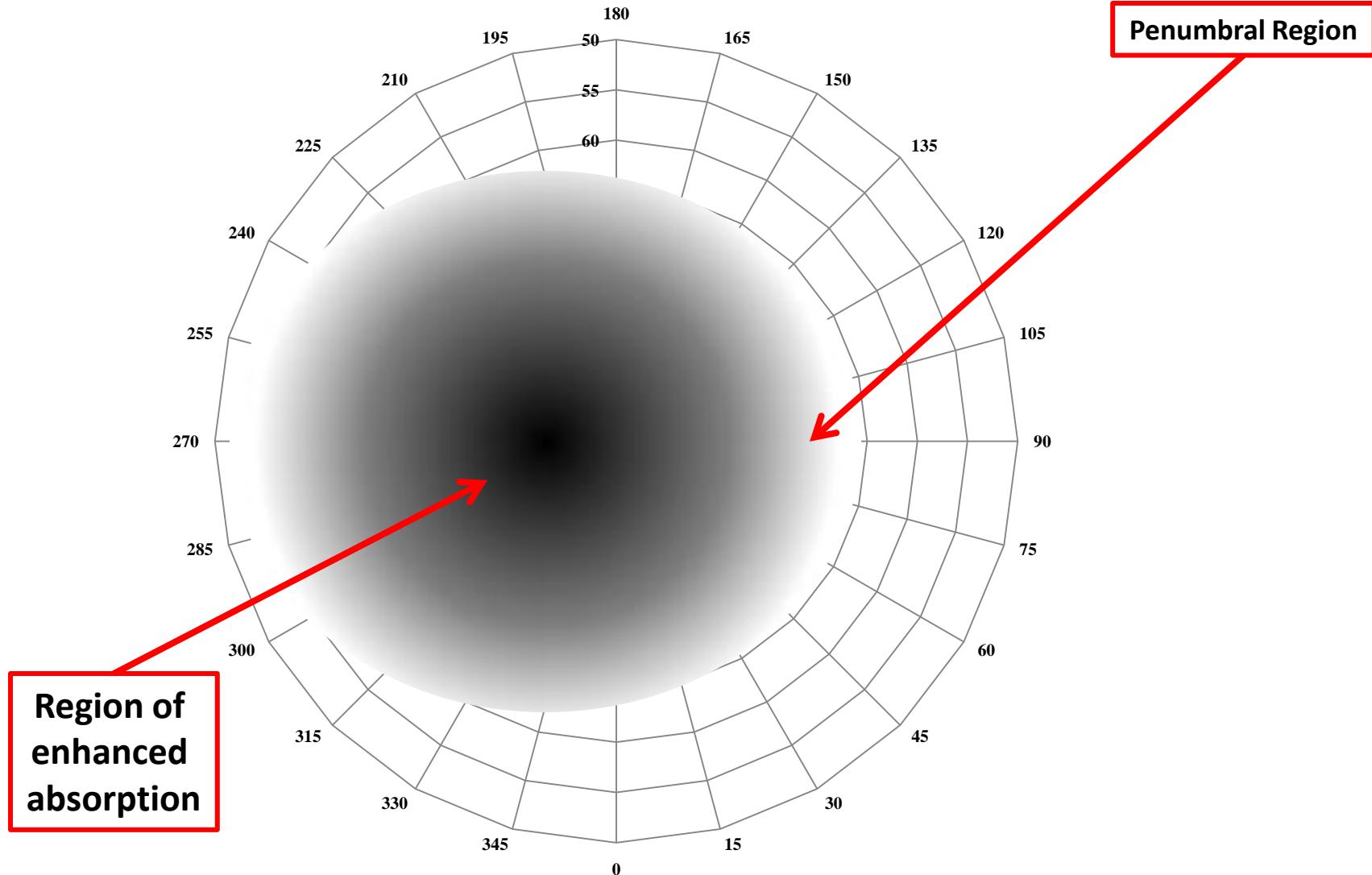
## The Penumbra



*Illustration Only   Not Drawn to Scale*

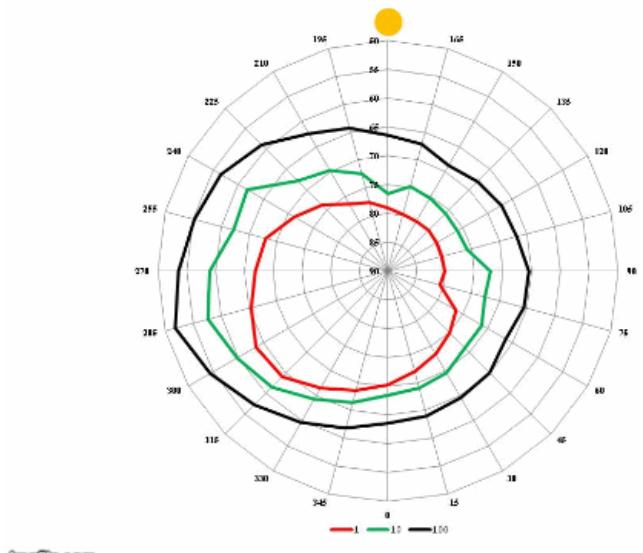
# Proton Energy Cutoff Latitude

Cutoff Latitude @ 0500 UT Under Quiet Conditions – Geographic Coordinates

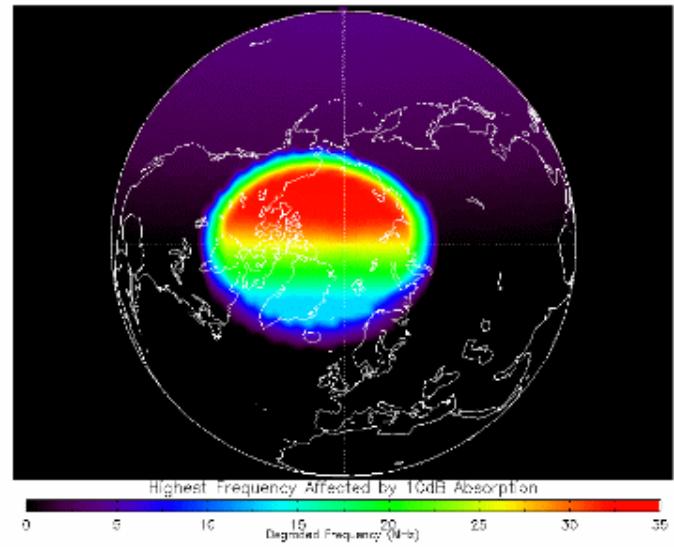


*Cutoff latitude variation showing penumbral effect*

# Proton Energy Cutoff Latitude



[imgflip.com](#)

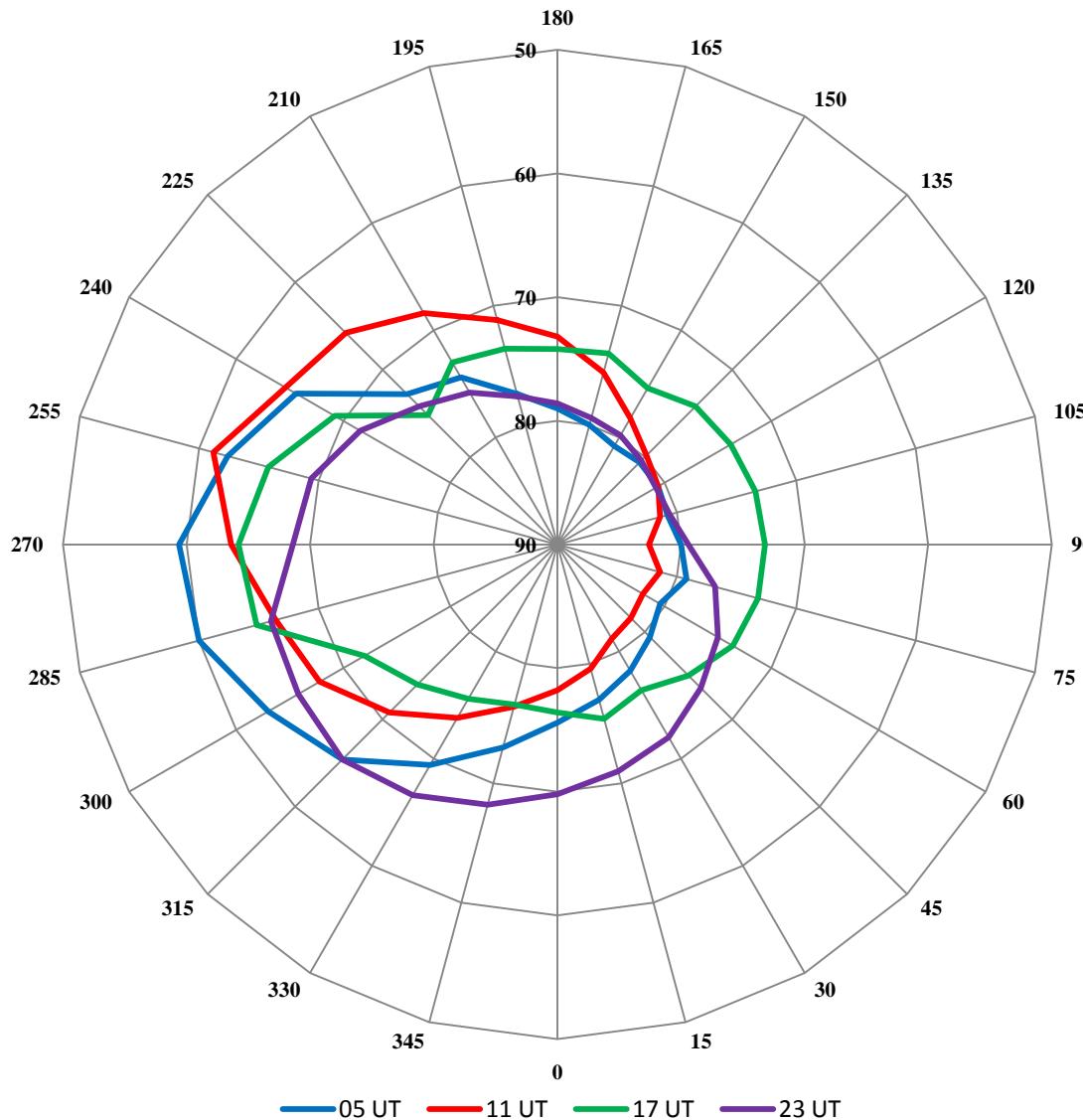


Elevated X-ray Flux      Magnetic Polar Flux  
Product Valid At : 2017-09-11 00:00 UTC    NOAA/SWPC Boulder, CO USA

[imgflip.com](#)

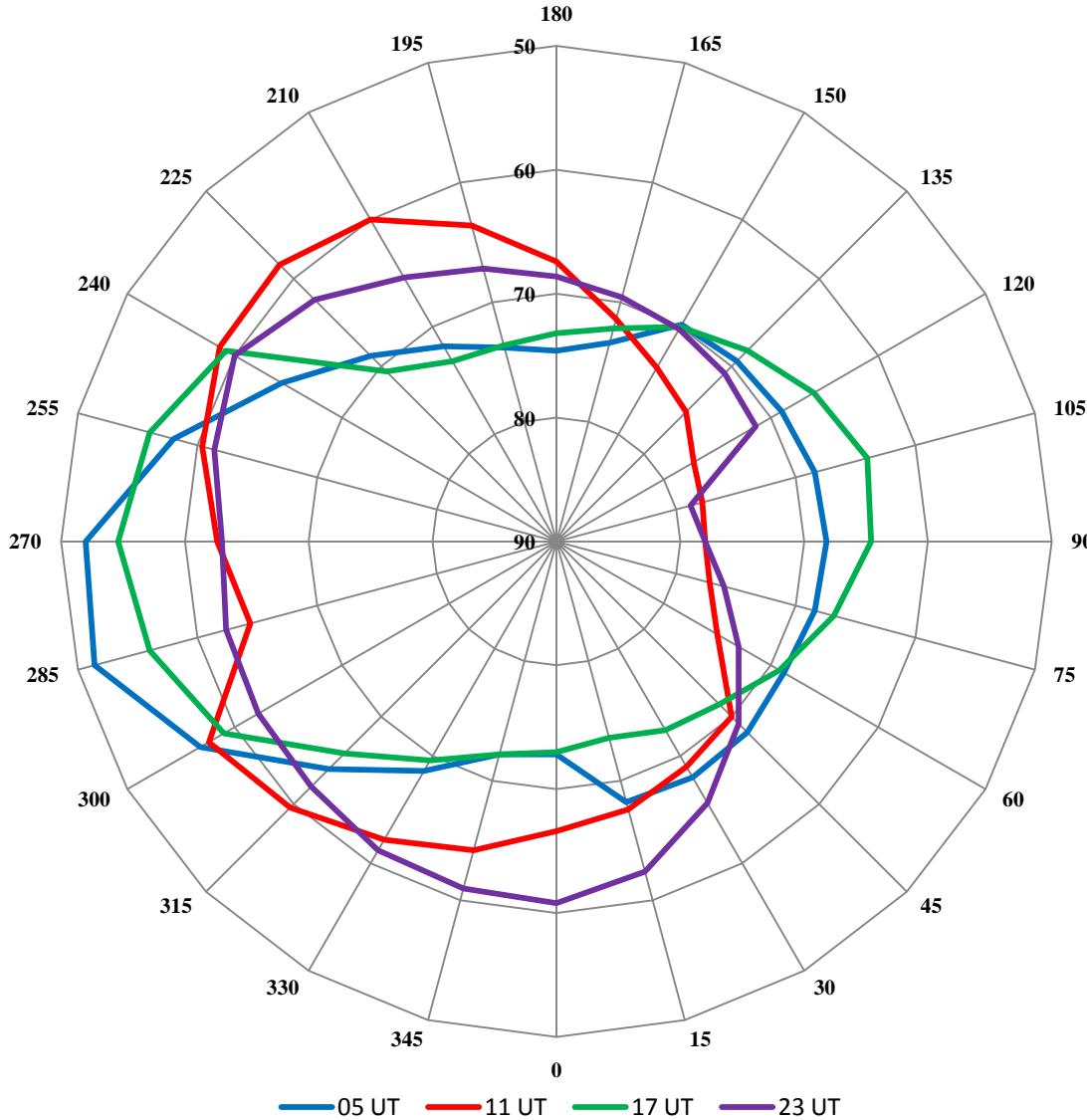
# Proton Energy Cutoff Latitude

## Quiet Conditions – 1 MeV Proton

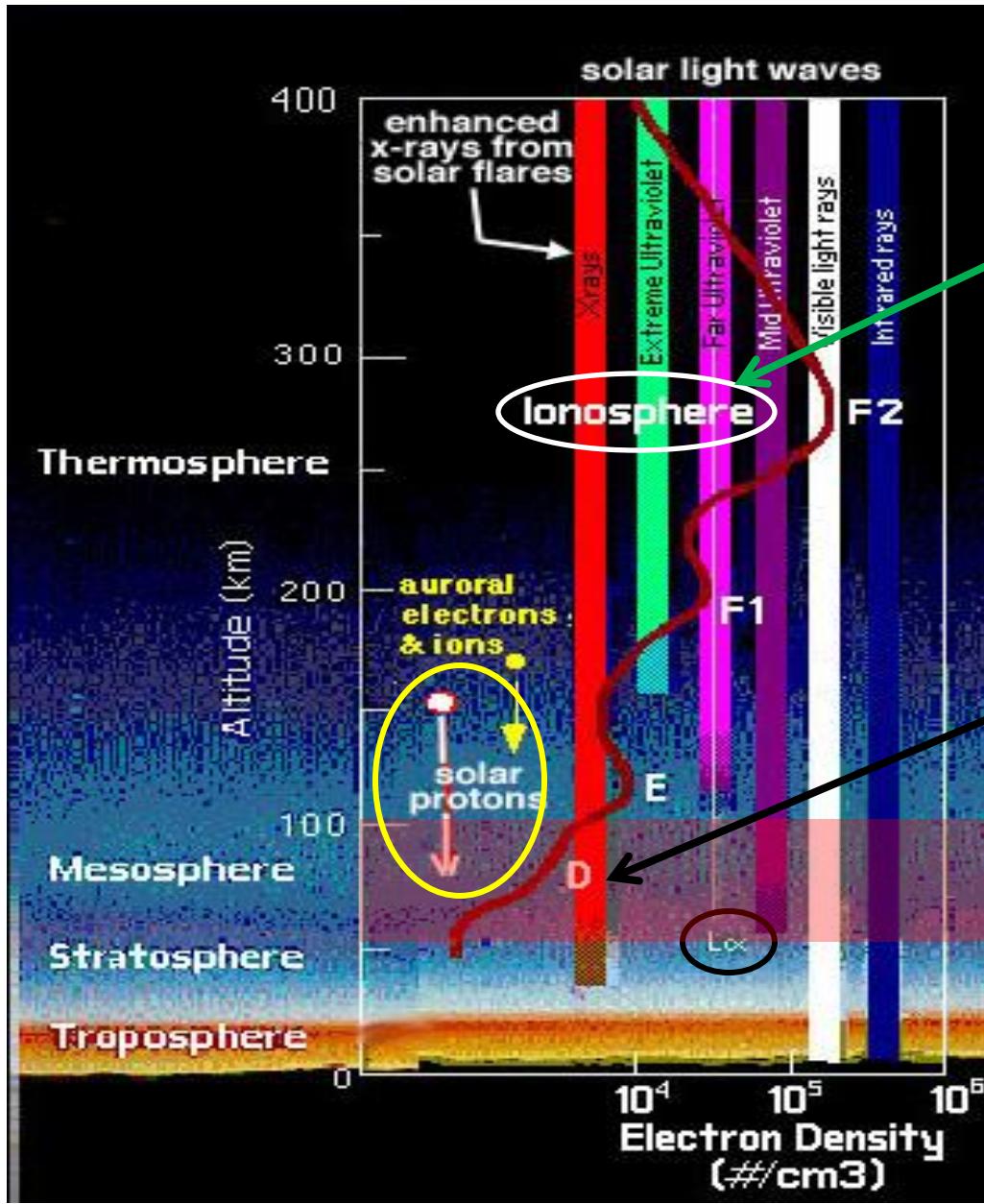


# Proton Energy Cutoff Latitude

## Severe Conditions – 1 MeV Proton



# HF Absorption – Normal Conditions



Photons collide  
with neutral atoms and  
molecules creating ionosphere  
(free electrons)

Photons penetrate to different depths

D-Region

$$\text{Absorption} \propto \frac{N \cdot v}{f^2}$$

$N \equiv$  Electron density

$v \equiv$  Collision frequency

$f \equiv$  Radio wave frequency

# **Why Is This Important...**

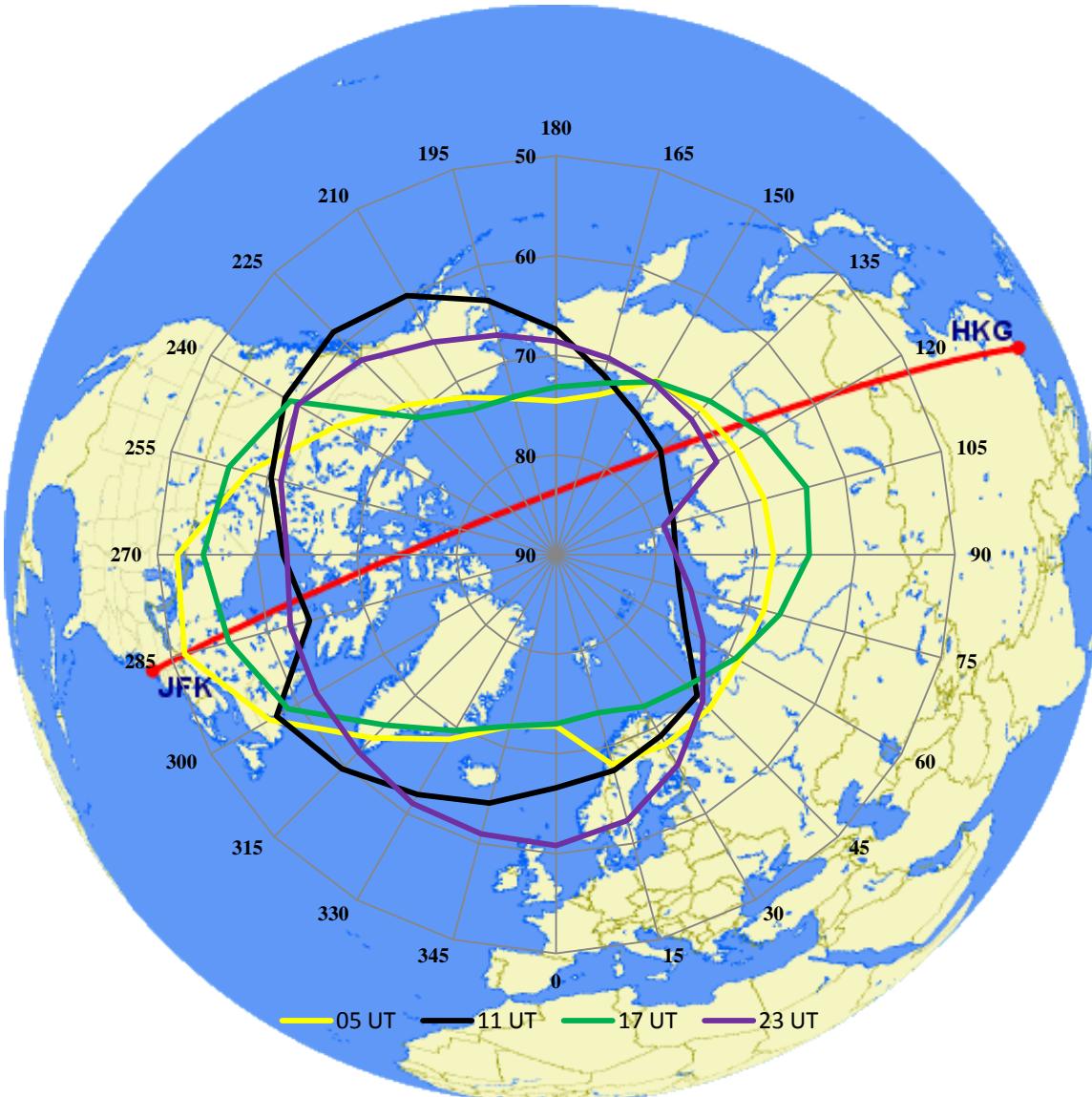
**High Frequency radio wave propagation is important...**

- Commercial and Military Aviators
  - Over 7000 transpolar commercial flight per year
- RADAR Installations
- Anyone using transpolar HF radio wave propagation

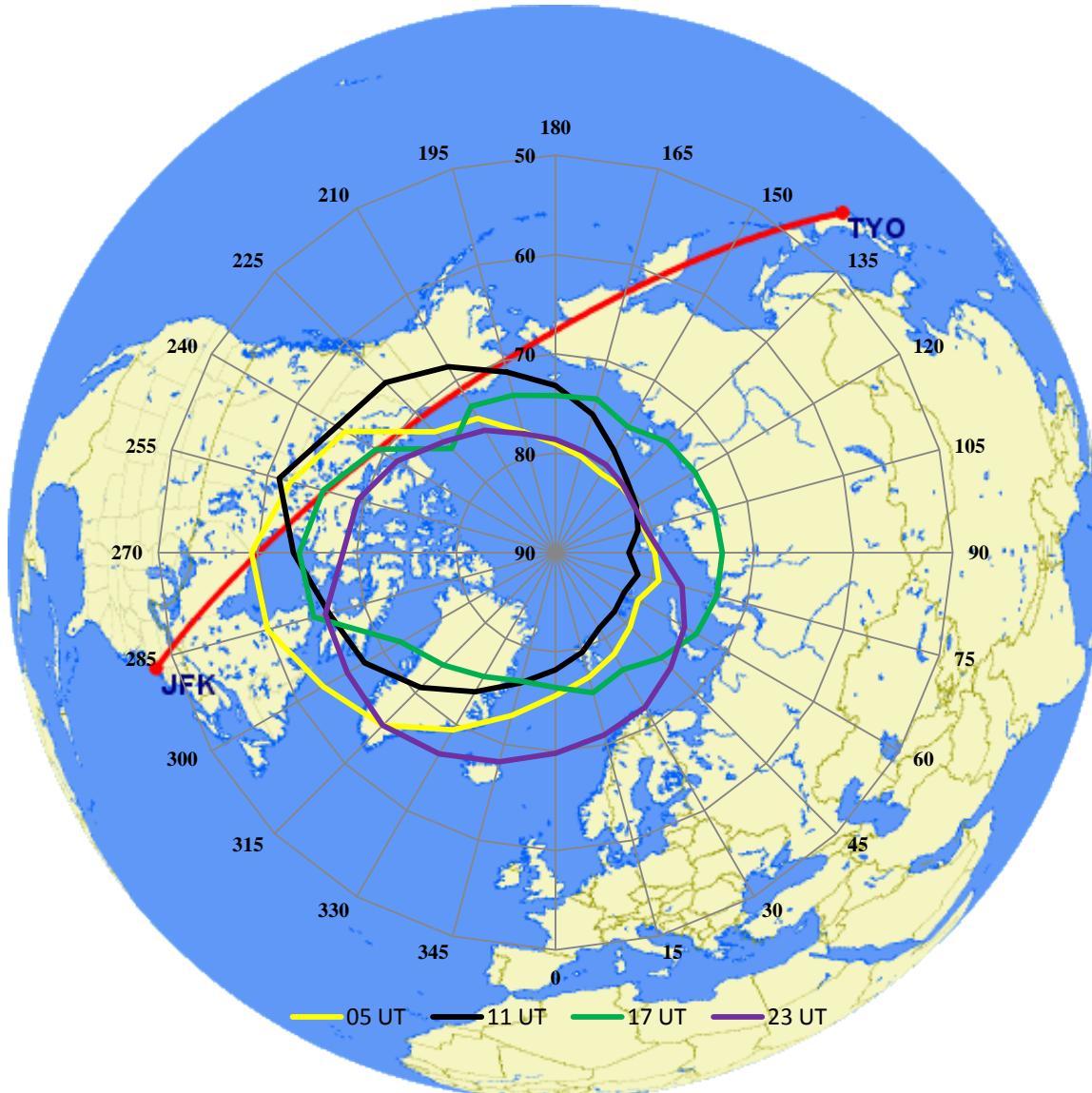
# Why Is This Important...



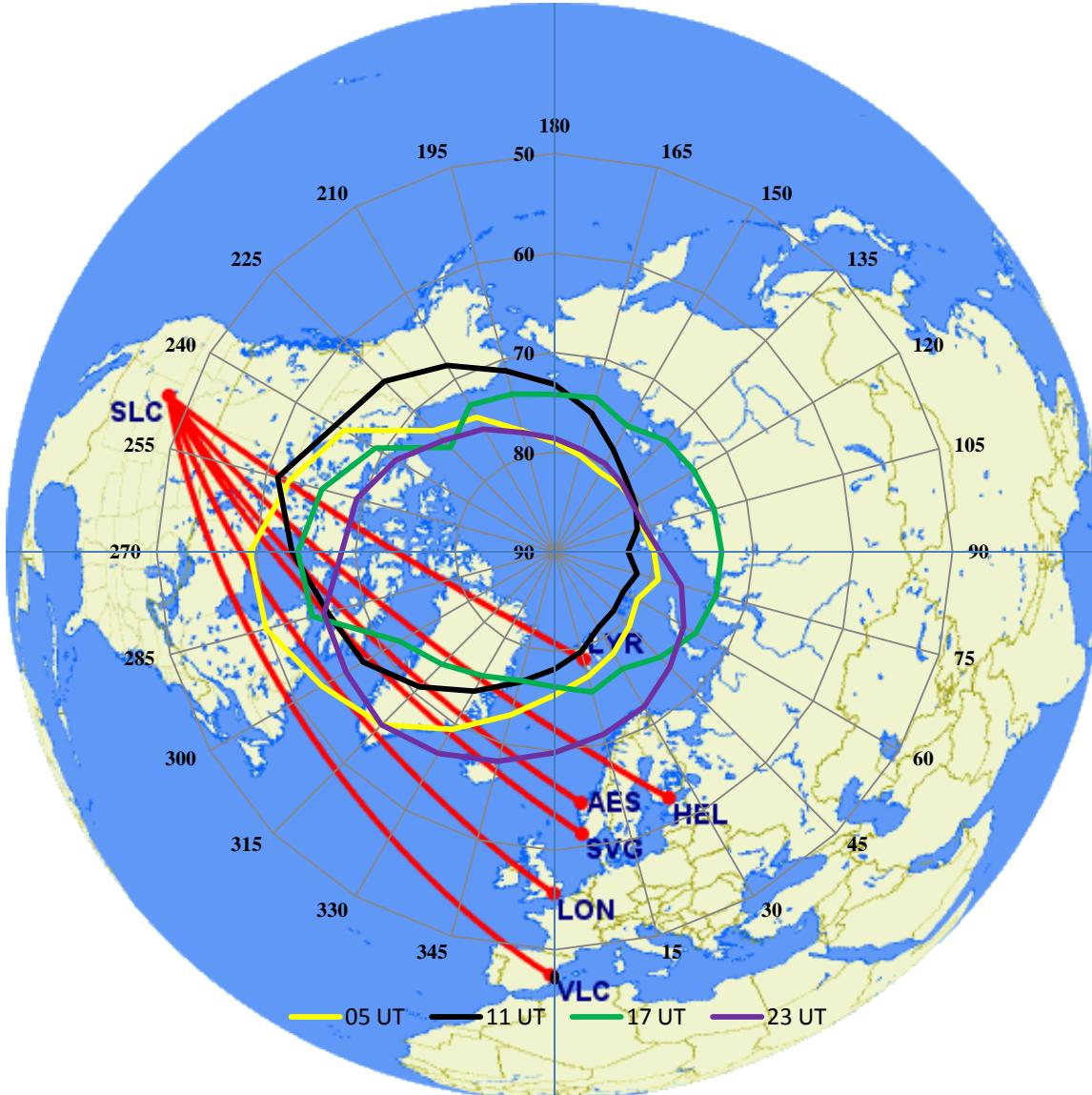
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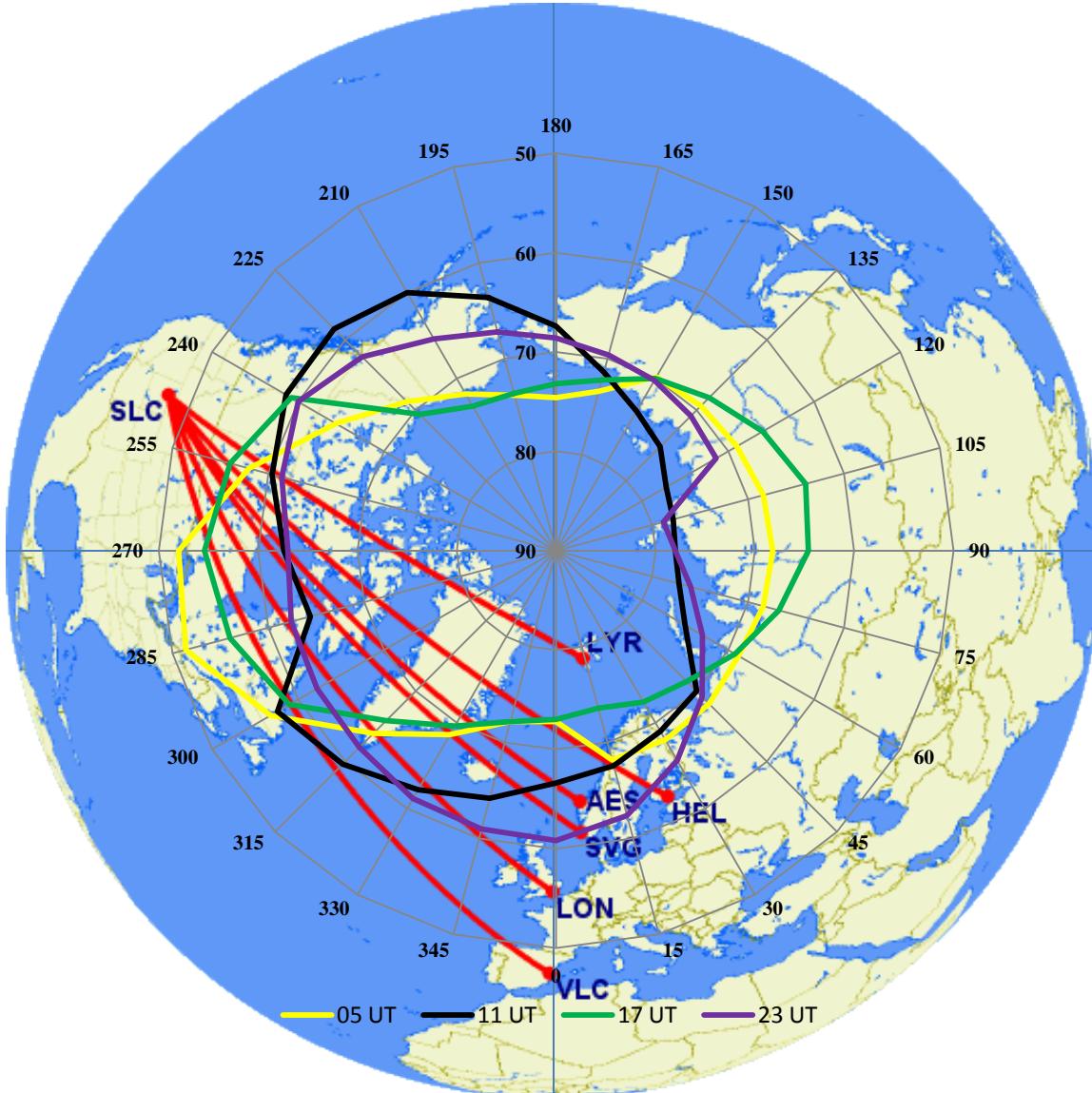
# Amateur Radio Involvement...



# Amateur Radio Involvement...



# Amateur Radio Involvement...



# **Summary**

- Modeled Cutoff Latitude Shows Diurnal Variation aka “UT Effect”
- UT Effect an important consideration:
  - Transiting Polar Regions
  - Modeling D-region characteristics
  - HF absorption
- Amateur Radio Could Help Demonstrate UT Effect
- Enhanced Understanding/Improvement of PCA Effects

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